FORMAL ASSESSMENT 3 Chapter 10: Classical Greece CHAPTER TEST B

PART 1: MULTIPLE CHOICE Choose the best answer for each question from the choices available.

- 1 What kind of government did Pericles introduce?
- A oligarchy
- **B** aristocracy
- C limited democracy
- D direct democracy
- 2 What did Athens use money from the Delian League for?
- A to build a powerful navy
- B to conquer other city-states
- **C** to expand Mediterranean colonies
- **D** to pay military and political leaders
- **3** Which art form deals largely with ancient Greek gods and goddesses?
- A fables
- **B** histories
- C myths
- D philosophies
- 4 What advantage did Sparta have in the Peloponnesian War?
- A better ships
- **B** fewer people to feed
- **C** greater land power
- D more money
- **5** How did Sparta respond to Athens' attack on Syracuse?
- **A** destroyed most of the Athenian navy
- **B** made peace and joined the attack
- **C** surrendered and retreated to Sparta
- **D** turned its attention to other city-states
- 6 What land did Philip II of Macedonia most want to conquer?
- 🔘 A Anatolia
- **B** North Africa
- OC Persia
- 🔘 **D** Spain

- 7 What leader greatly expanded the Macedonian Empire?
- A Alexander the Great
- O B Darius I
- C Pericles
- 🔘 D Philip II
- 8 What does Hellas mean in Greek?
- A Macedonia
- O B Greece
- C Alexander
- 🔘 D Philip
- 9 Who were Herodotus, Thucydides, and Xenophon?
- A gods
- **B** historians
- **C** playwrights
- D sculptors
- 10 Who were Aristotle, Plato, and Socrates?
 - A philosophers
 - OB poets
 - C political leaders
 - D warriors



Name

PART 2: INTERPRET MAPS

Use the map and your knowledge of Classical Greece to answer the questions below.



- **11** Which kingdom had the most territory?
 - A Egyptian
 - O B Macedonian
 - C Pergamum
 - D Seleucid
- **12** Which empire controlled all of this territory in 323 B.C.?
 - A Egyptian
 - O B Macedonian
 - C Pergamum
 - O D Seleucid

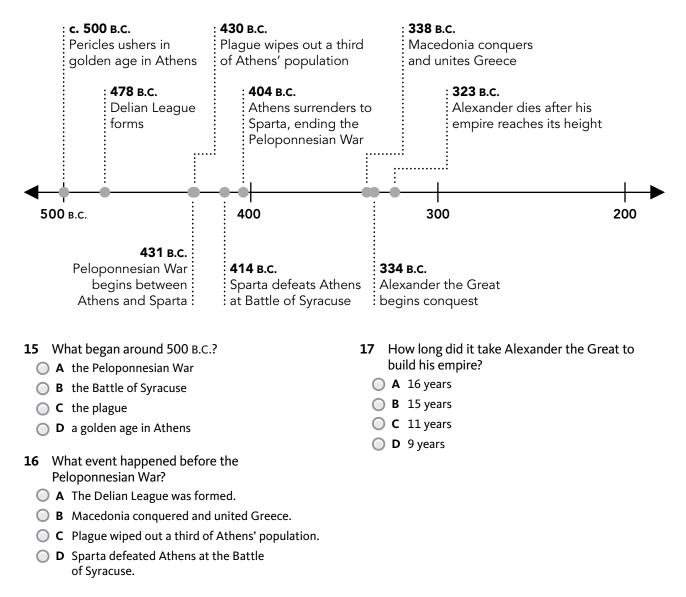
CONSTRUCTED RESPONSE Use a complete sentence to write the answer in the space provided.

14 What happened to Alexander's empire less than 100 years after his death?

- **13** Which kingdom controlled most of the lands that had formed ancient Greece?
 - A Egyptian
 - **B** Macedonian
 - C Pergamum
 - **D** Seleucid

PART 3: INTERPRET CHARTS

Use the time line and your knowledge of Classical Greece to answer the questions below.



CONSTRUCTED RESPONSE Use a complete sentence to write the answer in the space provided.

18 Why was Macedonia able to conquer Athens and Sparta by 338 B.C.?

FORMAL ASSESSMENT Continued

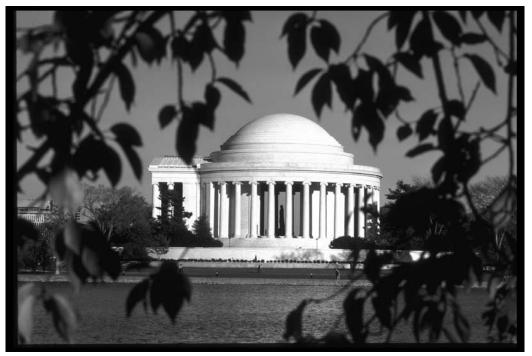
PART 4: DOCUMENT-BASED QUESTION

Use the documents and your knowledge of Classical Greece to answer the questions below.

INTRODUCTION The ancient Greeks left a legacy that has influenced Western civilization for centuries. Evidence of this legacy can be seen in many areas, including architecture, government, and sports.

OBJECTIVE: Explain how the legacy of ancient Greece influences today's world.

DOCUMENT 1 Image of Jefferson Memorial in Washington, D.C. The memorial was built in honor of Thomas Jefferson and was inspired by ancient Greek architecture.



©Charles Smith/Cardinal/Corbis

CONSTRUCTED RESPONSE Use a complete sentence to write the answer in the space provided.

19 Where are the ancient Greek columns located on the memorial?

20 What words would you use to describe the memorial?

DOCUMENT 2 Chart comparing Athenian democracy with U.S. democracy.

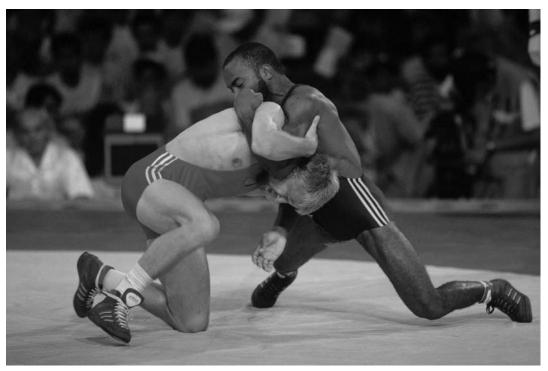
ATHENIAN DEMOCRACY	U.S. DEMOCRACY
 Direct democracy Citizenship bestowed on males at the age of 18 who were children of parents who were citizens All citizens vote directly on policies Three branches of government— lawmaking, executive, and judicial—with system of checks and balances in place Trial by jury, with impartial jurors In trials, accuser and accused represent themselves 	 Representative democracy Citizenship bestowed on all born in the United States and to foreign-born individuals who complete the citizenship process Citizens elect representatives to vote on their behalf Three branches of government—lawmaking, executive, and judicial—with system of checks and balances in place Trial by jury, with impartial jurors In trials, lawyers usually represent accuser and accused

CONSTRUCTED RESPONSE Use a complete sentence to write the answer in the space provided.

- 21 What form of democracy did Athens have?
- 22 What branches of government do both democracies have?

FORMAL ASSESSMENT Continued

DOCUMENT 3 Photograph of wrestlers at a modern Olympic event. The Olympic Games began in ancient Greece and were played to honor the gods. Wrestling was one of the sports played at the early Olympic Games in Greece.



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CONSTRUCTED RESPONSE Write the answer to each question in the space provided.

23 How many people take part in a wrestling match?

24 Why does wrestling require great strength on the part of the athletes?

EXTENDED RESPONSE Write a paragraph to answer the following question. Use information from all three documents and your knowledge of Classical Greece in writing your paragraph. Use the back of this page or a separate piece of paper to write your answer.

25 How have achievements by ancient Greeks in architecture, government, and sports influenced today's world?